## L(h,k)-Labeling of Circulant Graphs

Soumya Bhoumik\*, Sarbari Mitra\*, Fort Hays State University

An L(h,k)-labeling of a graph G is an assignment of non-negative integers to the vertices such that if two vertices u and v are adjacent then they receive labels that differ by at least h, and when u and v are not adjacent but there is a two-hop path between them, then they receive labels that differ by at least k. The span  $\lambda$  of such a labeling is the difference between the largest and the smallest vertex labels assigned. Let  $\lambda_h^k(G)$  denote the least  $\lambda$  such that G admits an L(h,k)-labeling using labels from  $\{0,1,\cdots,\lambda\}$ . A Cayley graph of group is called circulant graph of order n, if the group is isomorphic to  $\mathbb{Z}_n$ . In this paper initially we investigate the L(h,k)-labeling for circulant graphs with "large" connection sets, and then we extend our observation and find the span of L(h,k)-labeling for any circulants of order n.

Keywords: Channel assignment, L(h, k)-labeling, Circulants