

Colorings of Graphs With Reference to Other Graphs

Ariel Cook¹, Sarah Holliday², and Peter Johnson^{1,*}

¹Auburn University, ²Kennesaw State University

Suppose that G and H are (finite, simple) graphs on the same vertex set V . A (*proper*) G -coloring of H is an assignment to each vertex v of an element of $N_G(v)$ so that vertices adjacent in H are assigned different vertices. A G -coloring of G is a *self-coloring* of G . A G^c -coloring of G is an *anti-self-coloring* of G . Numerous questions arise, some of which will be reported on in this talk. These questions all descend from this ancestral question, posed by Steve Hedetniemi: For which graphs G does the indexed family of open neighborhoods in G of G 's vertices have a **system of distinct representatives**? Clearly such an SDR would constitute a G -coloring of the complete graph on $V(G)$. Hedetniemi's question was satisfactorily answered in 2018, by Hedetniemi, Holliday, and Johnson, but its position in the wider context introduced here was not realized until recently.