## Inverse of Hermitian Adjacency Matrix of Mixed Bipartite Graphs

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Mixed graph $D$ is a graph that can be obtained from a graph by orienting some of its edges. The Hermitian adjacency matrix of a mixed graph is defined to be the matrix $H=\left[h_{r s}\right]$ where $h_{r s}=i$ if $v_{r} v_{s}$ is an arc in $D, h_{r s}=-i$ if $v_{s} v_{r}$ is an $\operatorname{arc}$ in $D, h_{r s}=1$ if $v_{s} v_{r}$ is a digon in $D$ and $h_{r s}=0$ otherwise. in this paper we investigate when the hermitian adjacency matrix of a bipartite graph is invertible, also we prove that for any tree mixed graph $T$ with invertible hermitian adjacency matrix, $H^{-1}$ is $\{0, \pm 1, \pm i\}$-matrix.
Keywords: Hermitian Adjacency matrix; mixed graph; inverse matrix

